

Federal Signal Q4 2020 Earnings Call

February 25, 2021



Jennifer Sherman, President & Chief Executive Officer Ian Hudson, SVP, Chief Financial Officer

Safe Harbor

This presentation contains unaudited financial information and various forward-looking statements as of the date hereof and we undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements regardless of new developments or otherwise. Statements in this presentation that are not historical are forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to vary materially from those stated. Such risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to: direct and indirect impacts of the coronavirus pandemic and the associated government response, economic conditions in various regions, product and price competition, supply chain disruptions, work stoppages, availability and pricing of raw materials, risks associated with acquisitions such as integration of operations and achieving anticipated revenue and cost benefits, foreign currency exchange rate changes, interest rate changes, increased legal expenses and litigation results, legal and regulatory developments and other risks and uncertainties described in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

This presentation also contains references to certain non-GAAP financial information. Such items are reconciled herein, in our earnings news release provided as of the date of this presentation or in other investor materials filed with the SEC.



Introductory CEO Comments

- Profound thanks to employees for their commitment in these challenging times
- COVID-19 response remains a top priority:
 - Safety and wellbeing of our employees
 - Implemented a host of measures to establish a safe workplace
 - Launched company-wide initiative to raise awareness about COVID-19 vaccinations
 - Organized on-site vaccination clinic for eligible employees at largest facility



2020 in Review

- Delivered 2nd highest adjusted EPS in our history
- 40 bp year-over-year improvement in adjusted EBITDA margins, with both groups exceeding high end of target ranges
- Despite pandemic, aggressive in taking actions to position the Company for future growth in three key areas:
 - 1) Investments in expanding capacity at existing facilities
 - 2) Continued funding of new product development
 - Introduced several new digital marketing tools under our "Reclaiming Tomorrow Together" initiative and launched e-commerce site, initially focusing on certain SSG product lines
- Impressive cash flow generation funds organic growth initiatives, cash returns to stockholders and M&A
- Issued inaugural Sustainability Report in October 2020



OSW Acquisition

Highly strategic acquisition which delivers on our objective of geographic expansion of our dump truck body and trailer platform; adds three premier brands that serve attractive markets on the West Coast, in Arizona and in parts of Canada



<u>Note</u>: Rugby serves the market through its nationwide warehouses and distributor network.

OSW is headquartered in Snohomish, WA and operates an upfitting center in Tempe, AZ as well as an additional location in Edmonton, Canada from its acquisition of Western Truck Body.



OSW Acquisition

- OSW's results in 2020 were impacted by pandemic, but it has strong brands, several long-term contracts and a reputation for making a quality product
- Acquisition extends our current product offerings, and fills several gaps in TBEI's existing trailer portfolio



• Expect acquisition to be neutral to 2021 earnings, with opportunity for longterm value creation through the application of our eighty-twenty initiatives, organic growth and additional bolt-on acquisitions



Full-Year Financial Highlights *

- Net sales of \$1.13 B, vs. \$1.22 B
- Operating income of \$131.4 M, vs. \$147.1 M
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$182.2 M, vs. \$191.3 M
- Adjusted EBITDA margin of 16.1%, vs. 15.7%
 - Above high end of target range
 - ESG and SSG both reported adjusted EBITDA margin above target range at 18.5% and 18.3%, respectively
- GAAP EPS of \$1.56, vs. \$1.76
- Adjusted EPS of \$1.67, vs. \$1.79



Q4 Highlights *

- Net sales of \$295 M, vs. \$314 M
- Operating income of \$33.8 M, vs. \$36.4 M
 - Adjusted operating margin of 12.0%, vs. 11.9%
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$47.0 M, vs. \$48.5 M
- Adjusted EBITDA margin of 15.9%, vs. 15.4%
- GAAP EPS of \$0.42, vs. \$0.48
- Adjusted EPS of \$0.44, vs. \$0.48
- Orders of \$276 M, up \$10 M, or 4% vs. Q3 of 2020
- Backlog of \$304 M
 - Strong order intake increased backlog to ~\$330 M by end of January 2021



Group and Corporate Results

\$ millions, except %		Q4 2020		Q4 2019	% Change
ESG	Orders	\$ 224.8	\$	270.9	-17%
	Sales	237.6		252.2	-6%
	Operating income Operating margin	33.3 <i>14.0%</i>		33.0 13.1%	1%
	Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA margin	44.2 18.6%		43.8 <i>17.4%</i>	1%
SSG	Orders	51.3		62.3	-18%
	Sales	57.2		62.2	-8%
	Operating income Operating margin	10.3 18.0%		11.8 19.0%	-13%
	Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA margin	11.2 19.6%		12.6 20.3%	-11%
Corporate expenses		9.8		8.4	17%
Consolidated	Orders	276.1		333.2	-17%
	Sales	294.8		314.4	-6%
	Operating income Operating margin	33.8 11.5%		36.4 <i>11.6%</i>	-7%
	Adjusted EBITDA	47.0		48.5	-3%
	Adjusted EBITDA margin	15.9%		15.4%	



Income from Continuing Operations

\$ millions, except % and per share		Q4 2020		Q4 2019		<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>	
Net sales	\$	294.8	\$	314.4	\$	(19.6)	-6%	
Gross profit		75.9		81.5		(5.6)	-7%	
SEG&A expenses		40.8		44.5		(3.7)	-8%	
Acquisition and integration related expenses		1.3		0.6		0.7	NM	
Operating income		33.8		36.4		(2.6)	-7%	
Interest expense		1.2		1.8		(0.6)	-33%	
Other (income) expense, net		(1.0)		0.1		(1.1)	NM	
Income tax expense		7.6		4.8	1	2.8	NM	
Income from continuing operations		26.0		29.7		(3.7)	-12%	
Diluted earnings per share from								
continuing operations	\$	0.42	\$	0.48	\$	(0.06)	-13%	
Diluted adjusted earnings per share from								
continuing operations	\$	0.44	\$	0.48	\$	(0.04)	-8%	
Gross Margin		25.7%		25.9%				
SEG&A expenses as a % of net sales		13.8%		14.2%				
Effective tax rate		22.6%		13.9%				



Adjusted Earnings per Share

(\$ in millions)		Three Months Dec	cember 31, 2019	Twelve Months Endo		
Income from continuing operations	\$	26.0 \$			2019	
Add:	Ψ	20.0 ψ	20.1	φ 50.1 (ψ 100.4	
Income tax expense		7.6	4.8	28.5	30.2	
Income before income taxes		33.6	34.5	124.6	138.6	
Add:						
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		1.3	0.6	2.1	2.5	
Pension-related charges (1)		(0.2)	-	2.3	-	
Restructuring		-	-	1.3	-	
Coronavirus-related expenses (2)		0.1	-	2.3	-	
Purchase accounting effects (3)		0.2	0.3	0.7	0.8	
Adjusted income before income taxes		35.0	35.4	133.3	141.9	
Adjusted income tax expense (4) (5)		(7.8)	(5.9)	(30.3)	(31.8)	
Adjusted income from continuing operations	\$	27.2 \$	29.5	\$ 103.0	\$ 110.1	
Diluted EPS	\$	0.42 \$	0.48	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.76	
Adjusted diluted EPS	\$	0.44 \$	0.48	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.79	

- (1) Pension-related charges in the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 relate to charges incurred in connection with the withdraw all from a multi-employer pension plan. During the three months ended December 31, 2020, an adjustment was recorded to reduce the estimate of the charge, initially recorded in the second quarter of 2020. Such charges are included as a component of Other (income) expense, net on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.
- (2) Coronavirus-related expenses in the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2020 include direct expenses incurred as a result of the coronavirus pandemic, that are incremental to, and separable from, normal operations. Such expenses primarily relate to incremental paid time off provided to employees and costs incurred to implement enhanced workplace safety protocols.
- (3) Purchase accounting effects relate to adjustments to exclude the step-up in the valuation of equipment acquired in connection with acquisitions that was sold subsequent to the acquisition dates in the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, as well as to exclude the depreciation of the step-up in the valuation of the rental fleet acquired in the JJE transaction.
- (4) Adjusted income tax expense for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2020 was recomputed after excluding the impact of acquisition and integration-related expenses, pension-related charges, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses and purchase accounting effects, where applicable.
- (5) Adjusted income tax expense for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2019 excludes the tax effects of acquisition and integration-related expenses and purchase accounting effects, where applicable. Adjusted income tax expense for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2019 also excludes an \$0.8 million benefit from changes in state deferred tax valuation allow ances.



Financial Strength and Flexibility *

Strong capital structure

- Cash and cash equivalents of \$81.7 M
- Paid down ~\$32 M of debt in Q4; \$210 M of total debt outstanding
- Net debt of ~\$128 M **
- In July 2019, we executed a five-year, \$500 M revolving credit facility, with flexibility to increase by additional \$250 M for acquisitions
- No debt maturities until July 2024
- Net debt leverage remains low
- Compliant with all covenants with significant headroom

Healthy cash
flow and access
to cash facilitate
further organic
growth
investments and
cash returns to
stockholders

- Generated ~\$57 M of cash from operations in Q4 this year, up \$12 M, or 27%, vs. Q4 last year; full-year operating cash generation of ~\$136 M, up \$33 M, or 32% vs. last year
- ~\$280 M of availability under revolving credit facility
- Continuing to invest in organic growth; full-year cap ex of \$30 M includes effects of several facility expansions
- Paid \$4.9 M for dividends in Q4, bringing the total paid in 2020 to \$19.4 M;
 recently declared increased dividend of \$0.09 per share for Q1 2021
- \$13.7 M shares repurchases during 2020; ~\$91 M of repurchase authorization remaining under current programs (~5% of market cap)

^{**} Net debt is a non-GAAP measure and is computed as total debt of \$210.0 M, less total cash and cash equivalents of \$81.7 M



^{*} Dollar amounts as of, or for the quarter ending 12/31/2020, unless otherwise noted

Looking Ahead

- Remain focused on delivering strong results, while continuing to execute long-term strategy
- Balance sheet provides opportunities to drive both organic growth and M&A
- Aftermarket business has grown to represent ~25% of ESG revenues;
 additional projects underway to drive further growth
- Closely monitoring actions new administration may take to boost economy, including federal stimulus packages and investment in infrastructure
- Expect that infrastructure bill could provide meaningful benefits for most of our product offerings
- Continue to be bullish about safe-digging opportunity and optimistic that recent increase in oil may generate increased demand for industrial products
- Anticipating year-over-year headwind of ~\$8 M associated with cost saving actions taken in 2020 which may return in 2021
- Monitoring recent increases in material costs and potential supply chain pressure and responding accordingly
- M&A pipeline remains active



2021 Outlook

Adjusted EPS* ranging from \$1.73 to \$1.85

Represents increase of 4% to 11% over 2020*

Key Assumptions

- Revenue growth
- Double-digit improvement in pre-tax earnings
- Depreciation and amortization expense to increase by ~\$6 M to \$8 M
- Capital expenditures of \$20 M to \$25 M, including ongoing plant expansions
- Anticipating year-over-year headwind of ~\$8 M associated with cost saving actions taken in 2020 which may return in 2021

- Interest rate of 2-3%
- Effective income tax rate of ~24%, including estimated discrete tax benefits
- ~62 M weighted average shares outstanding
- Seasonal effects typically result in Q1 earnings being lower than subsequent quarters
- Expect 2H to be stronger than 1H

*Adjusted earnings per share ("EPS") is a non-GAAP measure, which includes certain adjustments to reported GAAP income from continuing operations and diluted EPS. In 2020, we made adjustments to exclude the impact of acquisition and integration-related expenses, pension-related charges, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses and purchase accounting effects, where applicable. We have also previously made adjustments to GAAP income from continuing operations and diluted EPS for special tax items. Should any similar items occur in 2021, we would expect to exclude them from the determination of adjusted EPS. However, because of the underlying uncertainty in quantifying amounts which may not yet be known, a reconciliation of our Adjusted EPS outlook to the most applicable GAAP measure is excluded based on the unreasonable efforts exception in Item 10(e)(1)(i)(B).



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Q&A

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Investor Information

Stock Ticker - NYSE:FSS

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Appendix



Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA

\$ millions, except %		Q4 2020		Q4 2019	
Income from continuing operations	\$	26.0	\$	29.7	
Add:					
Interest expense		1.2		1.8	
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		1.3		0.6	
Coronavirus-related expenses		0.1		-	
Purchase accounting effects *		0.1		0.1	
Other (income) expense, net		(1.0)		0.1	
Income tax expense		7.6		4.8	
Depreciation and amortization		11.7		11.4	
Consolidated adjusted EBITDA	\$	47.0	\$	48.5	
Net Sales	\$	294.8	\$	314.4	
Consolidated adjusted EBITDA margin		15.9%		15.4%	

^{*} Excludes purchase accounting expense effects included within depreciation and amortization of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively



Segment Adjusted EBITDA

<u>ESG</u>				
\$ millions, except %	Q4 2020		Q4 2019	
Operating Income	\$	33.3	\$	33.0
Add:				
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		0.1		0.1
Purchase accounting effects *		0.1		0.1
Depreciation and amortization		10.7		10.6
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	44.2	\$	43.8
Net Sales	\$	237.6	\$	252.2
Adjusted EBITDA margin		18.6%		17.4%

^{*} Excludes purchase accounting expense effects included within depreciation and amortization of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively

SSG

\$ millions, except %	<u>Q4</u>	2020	Q4 2019	
Operating Income	\$	10.3	\$	11.8
Add:				
Depreciation and amortization		0.9		0.8
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	11.2	\$	12.6
Net Sales	\$	57.2	\$	62.2
Not Guics	Ψ	07.2		<u> </u>
Adjusted EBITDA margin		19.6%		20.3%



Non-GAAP Measures

- Adjusted income from continuing operations and earnings per share ("EPS") The Company believes that modifying its 2020 and 2019 income from continuing operations and diluted EPS provides additional measures which are representative of the Company's underlying performance and improves the comparability of results between reporting periods. During the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, adjustments were made to reported GAAP income from continuing operations and diluted EPS to exclude the impact of acquisition and integration-related expenses, pension-related charges, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses, purchase accounting, and special tax items, where applicable.
- Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin The Company uses adjusted EBITDA and the ratio of adjusted EBITDA to net sales ("adjusted EBITDA margin"), at both the consolidated and segment level, as additional measures which are representative of its underlying performance and to improve the comparability of results across reporting periods. We believe that investors use versions of these metrics in a similar manner. For these reasons, the Company believes that adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin, at both the consolidated and segment level, are meaningful metrics to investors in evaluating the Company's underlying financial performance.
- <u>Consolidated adjusted EBITDA</u> is a non-GAAP measure that represents the total of income from continuing operations, interest expense, acquisition and integration-related expenses, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses, purchase accounting effects, other income/expense, income tax expense, and depreciation and amortization expense. Consolidated adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAAP measure that represents the total of income from continuing operations, interest expense, acquisition and integration-related expenses, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses, purchase accounting effects, other income/expense, income tax expense, and depreciation and amortization expense divided by net sales for the applicable period(s).
- <u>Segment adjusted EBITDA</u> is a non-GAAP measure that represents the total of segment operating income, acquisition and integration-related expenses, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses, purchase accounting effects and depreciation and amortization expense, as applicable. Segment adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAAP measure that represents the total of segment operating income, acquisition and integration-related expenses, restructuring activity, coronavirus-related expenses, purchase accounting effects and depreciation and amortization expense, as applicable, divided by net sales for the applicable period(s). Segment operating income includes all revenues, costs and expenses directly related to the segment involved. In determining segment income, neither corporate nor interest expenses are included. Segment depreciation and amortization expense relates to those assets, both tangible and intangible, that are utilized by the respective segment. Other companies may use different methods to calculate adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin.



